The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

NUMB. 78.

Thursday, JULY 1, 1731.

'Tis what the vicious fear, the virtuous ſhun;
By fools 'tis hated, and by knaves undone.
Pope's Eſſay on Criticiſm.

Mr. GRUB,

A Friend, who, by his dexterity trims, and by your *Journal*, inſtructs the neighbourhood, acquaints me, that you have taken unwarrantable liberties with my Character; which has given an irrecoverable wound to my credit. Had you declared yourſelf an enemy, I might have guarded againſt the blow: but ſuppoſe it otherwiſe, you would then have gain'd more honour by your conqueſt, as I ſhould have had leſs occaſion to have reproach'd you with my fall. The malice I charge you with is printing a Letter in your 17th *Journal*, which I innocently wrote to a familiar friend: and the effect it had was this, that I was immediately blown up for a Wit, from one end of the ſtreet to the other; where I had liv'd reputably, and without ſuſpicion, and ſerved all Offices in the Pariſh. As I had a good ſhop of buſineſs, and paid my Bills, there was no body that ever pretended to take me for a Wit: but as people commonly judge by appearances, my appearance in print brought my creditors upon me, and carried off all my cuſtomers, by which I am reduced to the unhappy circumſtances at firſt ſuggeſted, that is to ſay, I am brought to my wits-end.

Let my misfortune teach you more caution for the time to come, and diſſuade you from tempting other people to live by their wits, which you muſt needs know to be inconſiſtent with a thriving character. No man that had a ſtock of wit hardly ever dealt in any other ſtock in his life. What would become of the Bank think you, if Wits ſhould be choſen Directors of the Company. The proprietors indeed might divide a Madrigale, or ſo, at the year's end; but my life on't, not a penny of money: and who would ſubſcribe ſuch vaſt ſums for a ſong?

Had I been guilty, I ſhould not have been countenanc'd by ſo many worthy Aldermen and Common-Council Men, ſeeing they have never yet been known to encourage Wits. But admitting I were one of thoſe idle creatures, I would not have appear'd, (whatever I might have done formerly) in looſe vagrant ſheets like your *Journals*. I would have left that to you weekly Retailers, who often get a ſort of preferment by it, and become raiſed a few feet above the crowd; tho' that is but a temporary honour, and an hour generally brings you upon a level again with your admirers. However I grant, that in extraordinary caſes, I have known ſome of you advanced to a poſt, where you have ſtaid all the remaining part of your lives.

But there is one kind of wit, of publick emolument, which is much practiſed by the better ſort of people, whom I am ambitious enough of imitating, as far as I have genius or capacity; and this ſpecies of wit, to ſpeak without a metaphor is called in plain Engliſh * *Lying*. I ſhall ſay nothing at preſent concerning its great uſe, eſpecially in politicks; but obſerve, that among other recommendations this branch has antiquity on its ſide: for I can undertake to prove, that when there were no more than ADAM, EVE, and the *Serpent* together, two of them were profeſs'd Wits; tho' I own they are both very much outdone by the preſent age.

As *Lying* is the oldeſt, ſo it is alſo the ſafeſt and moſt profitable part of wit, as well as the moſt honourable; for truth carries danger and contempt along with it, and whoever utters it ought to have his heels as light as his head, or he would ſoon be made a fool of: this I have experienced; and if you, Mr. GRUB, won't take my word for it, you may put the matter to a tryal as ſoon as you pleaſe.

Did I intend to make a figure in the profeſſion, I have in my eye two worthies, whom I would take for my patterns. One got his experience abroad, and the other at home: and tho' their ſtories have as much wit in them as they can hold, yet they all ſtick cloſe together, being tied down with packthread and paſtboard, and caſed either with calves leather or morocco; the firſt of which preſerves wit, and the other adds a grace to it. The worthies I ſpeak of are the facetious Capt. GULLIVER, and the late Reverend Prelate of S——, who ſhine like fix'd ſtars in the firmament, and will yield the greateſt light to all who apply themſelves either to the merry or the ſerious part of this ſcience. Whereas the Wit of OSBORNE, WALSINGHAM, STONECASTLE, &c. (to which I fear I may juſtly add yours, Mr. GRUB) flies looſe about the Town, appears, like a meteor, for a ſhort time, and then vaniſhes away.

What I have here ſaid, Mr. GRUB, is a private admonition, it regards not the publick at all; therefore I charge you to clap me no more into your *Journal*, which I look upon to be worſe than the ſtocks: if you ſhould tranſgreſs, it may bring down another ſevere reproof upon you, from

Boulogne, Your Friend and Well-wiſher,
June 1, 1731. *N. M.*

* *My Brother* FOG *in a late* Journal, *took notice of* the folly of lying; *and in his laſt, ſays, it is* a little low vice, which diſtinguiſhes the characters of Pages, Chamber-maids, and Blundering Miniſters. *In confirmation of which, he brings a long quotation from a* Diſcourſe *prefixed to the* Tranſlation of Tacitus, *in which the* Author *ſays, among other things*, Any Blockhead, any Lunatick, can be a Liar. The ſilleſt People are obſerved to be the greateſt Liars, &c. *In anſwer to which, I affirm, that to be compleat* Liar, *requires great parts, a good invention, memory, and judgment: and that there is no* wit *at all in the* Author's *Aſſertion, unleſs they are* lies. BAV.

Out of that regard which we are always ready to ſhew towards Perſons in diſtreſs, we have ordered the following Anſwer of Mr. BUDGELL, to a Letter in the *Daily Poſt* and *London Evening Poſt* of *June* 12, to be printed. As we know no more of the merits of the cauſe, than what the Authors of the two Letters have advanced, we do not pretend to judge of the matter in diſpute. And that the Reader may at once ſee what is ſaid on either ſide, we have cauſed Mr. PIERS's Letter to be reprinted; which all the world muſt own to be an inſtance of our impartiality. Of which we ſhall be willing to give further proof, by publiſhing a Reply to Mr. BUDGELL's Anſwer, in caſe any ſuch be ſent us, to which we have not ſome very great objection.

To the Author *of the* LONDON EVENING POST,

SIR,

THE remoteneſs of my *abode*, my advancement in *years*, and my general unconcern about *controverſial points*, have been the occaſion of this tardy endeavour to *undeceive the World*, and *do juſtice to myſelf*.

It is but lately a *Book* has fallen into my hands, entitled, *A Letter to* Cleomenes *King of* Sparta, written by *Euſtace Budgell*, Eſq; As the concerns which my *ill fate* has drawn me into with this *Gentleman*, induced me to a peruſal of this *notable piece*, I could not but with extraordinary attention and ſurprize, remark that part of it, which he calls, *A true State of his Caſe*; and as I am, perhaps, the *only perſon* capable of detecting the *falſhoods* and *prevarications* contained therein, I think myſelf obliged to give ſome anſwer to it.

To ſet forth a *juſt Repreſentation* of his *Caſe*, I ſhould be forced to ſtate it over again; but this I at preſent forbear, being convinced, that a *law caſe*, ſtated in all its circumſtances, and cleared, as *truth* requires, from all the *fucus* of *Oratory*, would be tedious, dry, and unprofitable to the *Reader*. Nor am I yet ſenſible that Mr. *Budgell* is of importance enough to intereſt the *world* in his *private* affairs. I have been informed indeed, that he has endeavoured to make himſelf conſiderable at *Court*; but his behaviour was ſo far from anſwering his aim, that he drew on himſelf the *imputation* of a *diſorder*; which, if true, would be the *beſt apology* he can make for his *deviation from truth*.

Perhaps then it may be ſufficient at this time to declare, that *all the facts* contained in *his caſe* (on which he founds the *injuries* he ſo highly complains of) are either *utterly falſe*, or ſo *gloſſed* and *miſrepreſented*, as to bear little relation to *truth*. There cannot be a more *flagrant inſtance* of his *ſlender regard* to *veracity* and *honour*, than that *falſe and malicious inſinuation of my being aſſiſted by ſome rich and powerful perſon* (whom he frequently ſtiles his *Majeſty's Hero*) *to ruin him*. Whoever is meant by this *ſarcaſtical title* is not my buſineſs to determine, though the *conjecture* is eaſy; but I declare *the juſtice of my cauſe is my only ſupport*.

This *general reply* to Mr. *Budgell's various charges* is more, perhaps, than the *world* is concerned to know; the *particular circumſtances* of which (if his obſtinacy makes it requiſite) will be beſt ſubmitted to a *court of judicature* to *decide*. But if this *Gentleman's infatuation* ſhould ſo far delude his *judgment*, as to prompt him to call on me for a *proof* of *particulars*, I ſhall *then* be obliged to ſhew him to the *world* in his *proper colouring*; in which I ſhall obſerve a conduct contrary to his; as believing *juſtice* is better diſtinguiſhed by the *ſimplicity of truth*, than *oratorical embelliſhments*.

In the mean time, Sir, I deſire you would give this *Letter* a place in your *Paper*: and that Mr. *Budgell* may know it comes from one who ſcorns to ſtab in the dark, or aſſert what he is not able and ready to make good, I ſhall conquer my averſion to *appearing in publick*, and ſubſcribe my name,

N. Cadbury, May 26, 1731. WM. PEIRS.

Mr. BUDGEL's ANSWER.

To Mr. BAVIUS Secretary to the Society of *Grub-ſtreet*.

SIR,

I Have, upon ſeveral accounts, been under ſome doubt whether I ſhould take any notice of a letter ſigned WM. PIERS, of which I am the ſubject, and which was publiſhed about a week ſince in ſeveral News-Papers.

I am at laſt determined to ſay what follows in anſwer to it.

I am as fully ſatisfied as of any one propoſition in the Mathematicks, that this letter was not compoſed by the Reverend Mr. WILLIAM PIERS, who is an ancient Clergyman, and Rector of North Cadbury in Somerſetſhire. I know that Gentleman perfectly well; I and many other people do very well know his *moſt particular ſtile* and way of writing. Let any man, who has but common ſenſe, read the letter I have mentioned, and he will immediately ſee in *whoſe* vindication the *notable Piece* was plainly drawn up: he will preſently perceive whereabout the ſhoe pinched, and may conſequently eaſily be ſatisfied from what quarter this epiſtle did moſt certainly come.

But tho' all who know the Reverend Mr. WM. PIERS, do very well know, that he is the fur theſt in the world from an *active* man; yet ſince 'tis pretty plain he is exceedingly *paſſive*, I ſhall ſay ſomething to a letter, to which I do believe he has permitted his *name* to be tacked.

It is certain I have had the misfortune to be engaged in ſeveral law ſuits, which have been commenced and carried on againſt me, in the name of this Gentleman. It is as certain, that I have done all a man could do, that I have offered every thing a man could offer, who loved *peace*, and would avoid *vexatious ſuits*.

The only real diſpute between this Gentleman and me, is for a ſmall copyhold Eſtate. Our titles depend upon one plain *fact*, which neither of us do or can deny. I have conſtantly propoſed, I have even begg'd and entreated him that we might lay our reſpective titles before ſome learned and indifferent Council, and be finally determined by his or their opinion. I do now openly make him the ſame requeſt: I conjure him as a he is Chriſtian and a Clergyman, to comply with this Propoſal: I hope I may call it a fair and an honeſt one.

I am of opinion, that the title to an eſtate depending upon one unconteſted fact, is much more likely to be fairly determined by one or two eminent Council at their Chambers, who can take what *time* and what *aſſiſtance* they pleaſe, than by a *publick tryal*.

I have heard that at a *publick tryal* the treachery or careleſſneſs of one Attorney, the knavery of another, or a byaſſed *Jury*, or *ſomething* elſe, which I could name, have often occaſioned the loſs of the *juſteſt cauſe*, and the deſtruction of the moſt *innocent man*.

If Mr. PIERS as he has hitherto done, refuſes to comply with the offer I make him, I muſt ſubmit it to the Publick, whether it is probable, that an infirm and ancient Clergyman, who lives in Somerſetſhire, who has no viſible income upon earth but a Parſonage, who grew old in a College, who left it not many years ſince, and was at that time notoriouſly known to be deeply in debt; I ſay, I muſt ſubmit it to the Publick, whether any man in theſe circumſtances would chooſe to engage in, and to multiply law ſuits in an *uncommon way*, if he was not ſupported in an *uncommon manner*.

The Reader may ſee a true ſtate of the Caſe between this Gentleman and me, in the Appendix to my *Letter to the King of Sparta*; and I ſhall venture to aſſure him, that 'tis worth being peruſed by any perſon who has the leaſt notion either of *law*, of *equity*, or of *common juſtice*.

The Attorney firſt employ'd againſt me in theſe ſuits was Mr. BOWER of Somerſetſhire: and when I have nam'd the *man*, I believe there is not one Gentleman in that County, who will not allow him to have been a proper

inſtrument for the *work* he was employed in.

A Gentleman of an excellent judgment and underſtanding, and of as clear a reputation as any at the Bar, was a witneſs of the offer I made to this man to prevent a law ſuit, and how thoſe offers were received.

A certain *Attorney* reſiding in Town, (and who, from his behaviour, I muſt call a *Gentleman*) when he was let into the nature of this Cauſe, and deſired to carry it on againſt me, abſolutely refuſed to be employed in it. Another was at laſt found, not quite ſo ſcrupulous; and Mr. PIERS has had great ſucceſs in all his proceedings againſt me. He is at preſent in poſſeſſion of two of my eſtates, to which I think he has no more right than any perſon who reads this. I was adviſed to bring a *Writ of Error* in the Houſe of Lords, to prevent his taking poſſeſſion of one of theſe eſtates, when he had obtained a verdict againſt me, without ever entering into the *merits* of the Cauſe, and by what I think, I may juſtly call a mere *quirk* in the law. Upon this Writ of Error I was condemned to pay, and he has received ſuch coſts, as, I am aſſured *by perſons who ſhould know*, were never given till that day upon a Writ of Error, ſince England was England. I humbly truſt, that barely to mention a plain *fact* cannot poſſibly give offence; I did and do ſubmit to the ſentence of that moſt high and honourable Court, with the utmoſt humility and reſignation. My enemies have at laſt lodged me in a priſon, and taken ſuch methods ſince my confinement, to compleat my ruin, as I believe were ſcarce ever heard of before.

It ſeems money is the ſinews of law, as well as of war. I am ſenſible Mr. PIERS, however it happens, can afford to ſpend one hundred pounds better than I can twenty ſhillings. I am ſenſible, that tho' I believe he is not perſonally acquainted with ten people in Town, he has much more active friends than I am bleſſed with. In a word, I am convinced, that, at this time, it is to no manner of purpoſe for me to contend with him.

I would however humbly deſire him to remember, that people have got into the poſſeſſion of eſtates, which they have afterwards been obliged to give up again. I have heard of a *pair of honeſt Brothers* (and I am ſorry to ſay one of them was a *Clergyman*) who had a mind to take their mother's jointure from her. In order to this, they put themſelves in mourning, went down to the Tenant, aſſured him their ancient mother was dead and buried, took poſſeſſion of the eſtate, and ſigned a leaſe to the Tenant in their own names. The conſequence of this was, that their poor old mother muſt actually have ſtarved, if ſhe had not made a ſhift to prove ſhe was not dead; and if her ſon by a ſecond huſband had not aſſiſted her to recover her eſtate out of their hands.

However monſtrous, however incredible this ſtory may appear, yet I fancy, if I am put upon the proof of it, I can prove it beyond all contradiction.

It is very poſſible, that the Letter ſigned WM. PIERS is printed to tempt me to ſay ſomething that might draw down the diſpleaſure of the moſt honourable Court in Great Britain upon me; or at leaſt ſubject me to an Information in the Crown Office.

The *King of Sparta* and his *Brother Ulrick* may find, that tho' I dare not ſay all I could, I ſhall ſay ſomething on ſuch occaſions; and that the Law of England muſt be not a little ſtrained to make the neceſſary *defence* of an unhappy man *criminal*.

I believe thoſe people, who thought it neceſſary for their own ſecurity to have it believed I was *mad* and *diſtracted*, were in ſome hopes, that they had really done enough to have diſturbed my reaſon: if it is not diſturbed (and whether it is or not, ſome of the *beſt* and *greateſt* men in England can at preſent teſtify) I muſt and do impute it to a particular protection of providence. May not one of my fellow ſubjects, who read this, (tho' he has a much larger eſtate, and a much ſtronger head than I was bleſſed with) ever experience what it is to have nine or ten law-ſuits ſpirited up and carried on againſt him at once; and to ſee that the Attorneys employed to torment him, tho' their pretended clients have ſpent their fortunes, and are little better than *beggars*, never want money to proceed, and ſhould, to uſe their own expreſſion, *Play all the Play*. May none of my fellow ſubjects experience, as I have done, the *dark*, the *horrid* methods, which men in power will ſometimes take to gratify, either their *mean jealouſies*, or their *private revenge*.

I have at preſent little left to loſe but my *life*. Some of my friends are firmly of opinion, that ſeveral uncommon attempts have been lately made to deprive me even of *that*. I confeſs I know not what to think my ſelf: yet thus much I cannot help ſaying, that I do believe all mankind would allow that ſome certain *circumſtances*, if they knew them, are a little *odd*.

I hope I am not more afraid than other men are to meet *death*: thus much my countrymen and fellow ſubjects may be aſſured of, that if I die in confinement, I ſhall leave ſome *Memoirs* behind me: and that if I live to ſee the day, when I am ſure that *truth* and plain *matters of fact* will not be called a *Libel*, (as I think they ought not to be called in a *free* nation) I have *ſome things* to acquaint them with, which are extreamly well worth their knowing.

I am, Sir, Your moſt humble Servant,

E. BUDGELL.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant*. | SJ. *S. James's Evening Poſt*.
P. *Poſt-Boy*. | WE. *Whitehall Evening P.*
DP. *Daily Poſt*. | LE. *London Evening Poſt*.
DJ. *Daily Journal*. | Cr. *Crafts-man*.
EP. *Evening Poſt*. | F. *Fog's Journal*.

THURSDAY, *June* 24.

Yeſterday Mr. Chriſt. Spicer, Fiſhmonger, and Mr. John Hopkins, Dyer, paid their fines, to exempt them from the Office of Sheriff. *C. P. DJ.* —— The building of a Manſion-houſe for the L. Mayor of this City, will be ſo great an ornament to it, that we cannot but mention with pleaſure, that 3200 l. has been already paid into the Chamber of London to that purpoſe. *DJ.*

Yeſterday arrived the Purſers of the Prince of Wales and Lyell from China, which they left Dec. 13 *C.* The Princeſs of Wales. *DP. DJ.* The Princeſs Amelia of Wales. *P.* —— The Prince George, belonging to ſome Engliſh Gentlemen in India, from Bengal, was loſt on the coaſt of China, reputed worth 40,000 l. and ſcarce 1000 l. ſaved. The Emperor ordered all the perſons ſaved to be kindly treated, and ſent every common ſailor a purſe of 5 l. and ſo in proportion, each Supercargoe having 150 l. *DP.* —— *A piece of humanity ſcarce known among* Chriſtians.

The Rev. Dr. Herring, Preacher of Lincoln's Inn, is preſented to the living of Blechingly in Surrey, worth about 300 l. per ann. *P. DP.* — Yeſterday the Rev. Mr. Gwyn was choſen Lecturer of S. Mary Hill and S. Andrew Hubbard. *P.* Mr. Gwyn had 81 votes, and Mr. Jenkin 66 a ſcrutiny has been demanded, which is to begin on wedneſday. *DJ. June* 25.

The Dr. Thier is of Trinity-Hall in Cambridge, and the College robb'd, S. John's; the books were ſold publickly at a Coffee houſe near S. Paul's; and it is ſaid the Dr. has offered a compoſition, which was refuſed. *DP.*

The ancient Chapel at Kingſton upon Thames, in which ſeveral Saxon Kings have been crown'd, is to be entirely taken down, and a Charity ſchool to be built in its place. *EP. WE. LE.*

On tueſday Governor Lowther was marry'd at Somerſet-Houſe Chapel to Miſs Penington, Daughter of Sir Joſeph, Bar. *EP. SJ. WE.*

The E. of Oxford and Mortimer was a few days ſince at Court to wait on their Majeſties, and met with a moſt gracious reception; and afterwards dined at his Grace the D. of Newcaſtle's table. *DP.* On thurſday he waited again on their Majeſties at Hampton-Court, and yeſterday ſet out for his ſeat in Cambridgeſhire. *DP. June* 26.

On tueſday night died the R. Hon. Edward Earl of Suffolk and Bindon, and Baron Howard of Walden in Eſſex; and is ſucceeded by his Brother the Hon. Charles Howard, Eſq; late Colonel in the Foot-guards, who married the L. Hobart's ſiſter. *P. DP.* Yeſterday the R. Hon. Henrietta Howard, now Counteſs of Suffolk and Bindon, reſigned her place as one of the Women of her Majeſty's Bedchamber. *SJ.* The Earl has left his ſiſter in law, the preſent Counteſs, his eſtates real and perſonal, and appointed her ſole executrix of his Will. *DP. June* 26.

Letters from Oxford ſay, that the Rev. Dr. Morley, Rector of Lincoln Coll. died there a few days ſince. *LE.*

Laſt ſunday died at his houſe at Fuller's-Rents near Gray's-Inn, Mr. Edw. Ward, celebrated for his diverting and ready Genius to poetry: he had publiſhed ſeveral Pieces, for ſome of which he had ſuffer'd, for moſt never rewarded by thoſe whom he had ſerved: he was a very voluminous Author both in proſe and verſe, for both of which he was very much eſteemed by the populace, to whoſe taſte his ſtyle and manner of writing were well adapted, as conſiſting generally of ſubjects of low life and humour. *DP.* —— *This* elogium *of my deceaſed* Brother, *drawn up no doubt by one of our members, tho' not communicated in form as it ought to have been, was allowed to be very juſt. Only one expreſſion is a little obſcure,* celebrated for his diverting and ready genius to Poetry.

FRIDAY, *June* 25.

Yeſterday John Gould, Eſq; Draper, paid his fine, &c. *DJ. C. P.* The Chamberlain and other Officers of this City were continued; and Mr. John Boſworth, and Mr. Sam. Smith were choſen Auditors of the City and Bridge-houſe accompts. *P. DP. DJ.*

The Hon. Sir Cha. Wager has been pleaſed to appoint Will. Alix, Eſq; Firſt Commiſſioner of the 6 Penny Office on Tower-Hill, to be his Secretary during his voyage. *P.*

Yeſterday one Bernard Fitzk was committed to Newgate, being charged with ſeveral ſtreet-robberies. *DP. DJ.* He was evidence againſt the 5 young Highwaymen who were taken at Windſor, and hanged ſome time ſince. *P.*

On wed. night between 8 and 9, a Gent. of quality [Edw. Stafford. *C.*] ſent Tho. Maywaring a Porter, near Grays Inn gate, for a pennyworth of ſnuff; but he bringing the wrong ſort, the Gent. ſent him back. On his return the Porter inſiſting upon more than the Gent. was pleaſed to give, he made a puſh at him with his ſword; who thinking himſelf wounded, went croſs the way to an Apothecary's ſhop to have it examined: but no damage appearing he returned, and uſed the Gent. with opprobrious language, who drew his ſword, and wounded him on the left ſide, ſo that he inſtantly died. The wound went ſlanting upwards, and was of the depth of 7 inches. *DP.*

SATURDAY, *June* 26.

Yeſterday one Morgan, of Col. Stewart's Company in the 3d Regiment of Foot-guards, received 300 laſhes at the Camp near Buſhy-Park, for ſinging a treaſonable ſong, and was afterwards drummed out with a halter about his neck. *DJ.* —— *He was whipp'd* to, *as well as* for, *ſome tune.*

On wedneſday night Mr. Betty, High Conſtable of the Tower diviſion, &c. took up 30 diſorderly perſons, 7 of whom, 2 men, and 5 women, were committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell. 2 men were bound over to the Seſſions, and one committed to New Priſon, by Juſt. Martin, Chairman, &c. *C.*

This day the Grand Jury for the City of Weſtminſter and County of Middleſex, was ſworn at the King's-Bench Weſtm. when Mr. Juſt. Page gave a very learned Charge on that occaſion. *SJ.* A very learned and uſeful Charge. *WE.*

The Royal apartments at S. James's belonging to his Royal Highneſs the Prince will be pulled down betimes next ſummer, in order to be rebuilt with all expedition. *WE.*

MONDAY, *June* 28.

Yeſterday their Majeſties, the Prince of Wales, &c. went to the Royal Chapel at Hampton-Court, where the ſermon was preach'd by the Rev. Dr. Knight. *DJ.* —— On ſaturday night laſt the R. Hon. Henrietta Howard, Counteſs of Suffolk and Bindon, was appointed Groom of the Stole to her Majeſty, with a ſalary of 800 l. per ann. This is the firſt Lady that has been nam'd to ſerve her Majeſty in that ſtation ſince her coming to England. *DP.*

A new Commiſſion of the peace is paſſing the ſeals for the County of Northumberland. —— Alſo a Patent in favour of a new invention of Dr. Edw. Lovel, of a more ſafe and powerful Styptick, by Chymical Preparations never before made uſe of, which effectually cures the bloody flux, diarrhæa, outward and inward bleedings, &c. —— A Grant is alſo paſſing the ſeals for Mr. Booth, Mr. Wilks, and Mr. Cibber, to erect and form Companies for acting Tragedies, Comedies, Operas, &c. for 21 years, to begin 1732.

On friday, at a Board of the Hon. Directors of the Eaſt India Company, upwards of 1000 l. was contributed towards the relief of the poor ſufferers at Blandford and Tiverton. *P.* —— The ſame day died of the ſmall-pox, the third ſon of the R. Hon. the Lord Lynn *DP.* Aged 5 years. *P.*

Mary Harvey and Iſabella Eaton, (which lately made their eſcapes out of the New Goal in Surrey) were retaken late on friday night in making a diſturbance in S. Giles's, and are ſince committed to the ſaid Gaol. *DP.*

On thurſday Mr. Ben. Hyatt, an eminent Throwſter in Spittlefields, was married to the daughter of a Widow Gentlewoman at Barking in Eſſex. The ceremony was performed at Devonſhire houſe, at which were preſent moſt of the Elders, and a great many Friends, who ſigned the marriage articles. An elegant dinner was provided at the 3 ton tavern in Biſhopſgate ſtreet; where a noted Watchmaker, (having been all the time at the meeting) thought it not improper to dine, tho' not invited. Accordingly he plac'd himſelf at the head of the table; but juſt before dinner was ſerv'd up, he was call'd down to the foot of the ſtairs, where 2 Friends, by way of admonition, told him, that as he had not the wedding-garment on, he had not any buſineſs there; on which he was obliged to depart with an empty ſtomach. *P.*

TUESDAY, *June* 29.

On ſaturday the R. Hon. the E. of Peterborough, who lately arrived from abroad, waited on their Majeſties at Hampton-Court, and was moſt graciouſly received. *C.*

Yeſterday the great affair, which has been ſo long depending between the Biſhop of Ely and Dr. Bentley, was argued at the Court of King's Bench; when after a long hearing of counſel on both ſides, the Court determined it in favour of the Biſhop. *P.*

Cambridge, June 26. The ſtory of a certain Doctor's ſtealing books out of S. John's Library, and elſewhere, is true of Dr. N——s, who has confeſs'd his guilt: and accordingly a citation has for ſome time been fixed on the Chappel-door, and on his Chamber-door in Trinity-hall, requiring him to appear July 7. to anſwer for himſelf perſonally, and to ſhew cauſe, if he has any, why he ought not to be expell'd. But it is thought he will not dare to appear. *P.* We hear that the learned Cambridge thief is retired into Holland, from whence he has made propoſals to compound his felony for a ſum of money, which it is not ſuppoſed will be comply'd with, &c. *DP.*

At a meeting of the Royal Society laſt thurſday, was preſented a metaphyſical Theſis publiſhed; a ſubject no ways relating to the inſtitution of this Society, but the

author desir'd its acceptance, as also to be admitted a Member, to which no answer was given, but his doughty piece referr'd to the consideration of the Rev. Mr. Moses Williams, M. A. one of the Fellows, in order at his leisure to make a future report of it *D P.* —— *I suppose it was written in* Welch.

His Grace the D. of Wharton having made his Will some time ago, and left it in the hands of a Nobleman here, it was open'd a few days since; and we hear his Grace has appointed the E. of Orrery, Sir Cha. Musgrave, Bar. and Charles Cæsar, Esq; to be his executors, and has left his Dutchess 1200l. per ann. for her life, or 10,000 l. in money, which she shall chuse, and order'd all his debts to be paid, and the residue of his estate (which is reckon'd about 50,000l.) to be divided amongst his executors. *D* .

Last night the Coroner's inquest met again, about the Porter's death, who was kill'd near Gray's Inn-gate, and after a long debate, brought in their verdict wilful murder. *D J.*

A few days since Cha. Eversfield, Esq; Member of Parliament for Horsham in Sussex, was married to the Lady Jenkinson, Relict of Sir Rob. Jenkinson, of Walcot in Oxfordshire, Bar. &c. *D P.* It is put off for a few days. *D P. June* 30.

We hear that the Rev. Mr. Henley discontinues his Week-days Orations for this Summer, except the contrary be advertised, 'till September next, on affairs occasioned by his Father's death; and that the Sundays attendance proceeds, as usual, at the Oratory. *D J.* For a month or two this summer, —— but the sundays divine service proceeds constantly, as usual, &c. *D J. June* 30. —— *It was proper, to end these* Oratory Advertisements *with nonsense, in which strain they were at first begun, and have been continued all along.* Mr. *Henley* discontinues his Week-days Orations ——— on affairs occasioned, &c.

WEDNESDAY, *June* 30.

Yesterday came on at the Court of Common Pleas, a further hearing between the Warden of the Fleet and several of the Prisoners, and after hearing Council on both Sides, the Court ordered Attachments against 15 of them. *D P.* against 16. *D J.*

The same day Orders were issued by the R. hon. the E. of Scarborough, for the first Batallion of the 2d Regiment Foot-guards, to rendezvous on the parade in S. James's Park on friday morning, in order to march to Rochester, and thence to proceed to Spithead, to assist in convoying Don Carlos into Italy. *D J.* For the more honourable accommodating Don Carlos in his voyage to Italy. The E. of Albemarle is to go Commandant. *D P.*

Yesterday morning at six a Duel was fought between Governour Hart of Antigua, and Mr. Matthews Deputy Governor, and the former was killed on the Spot. *D P.* —On the 23d one Tho' Gifford, of Gainsborough in Lincolnshire, ript up his own belly with a penknife, and cut out 2 or 3 yards of his guts, which he put into a chamber-pot, and died soon after. *D J.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-street.*

Mr. CONUNDRUM repeated an Epitaph, on CALEB D'ANVERS, Esq; which he said he had met with in the *Hyp-Doctor*, Numb. 27. where it is pretended, that it came from Dublin; and is commended as 'one of the closest pieces of 'Poetry which the Moderns have produced, almost every 'word capable of two senses, and both good sense

Here CALEB D'ANVERS *lies* equivocating,
Of *treach'rous memory*, for *judgment* waiting.

Which he assured the Society, was nothing but a parody of an Epitaph made at Cambridge, when the *Hyp-Doctor* and himself were Fellow Collegians and Punsters at S. John's, upon JOSHUA BARNES, the Greek Professor, who was as remarkable for an unhappy judgment, as for a happy memory.

Hic jacet JOSHUA BARNES
Beatæ memoriæ, expectans judicium.

Dear BAVY,

As I came over Lincoln's-Inn fields last sunday ev'ning, I saw a croud of people, very attentively listening to a blind man, whom they call'd *The Blind Orator*, and who gathers a very numerous Auditory every sunday evening. This person seems a very dangerous rival to your Orator. His discourses are as various, his elocution is as natural, his action is as just, and he challenges all his adversaries to dispute with him. But there is one thing I own in which he is inferior to the other, which is confidence; for this fellow does not demand any thing for his performance, but desires his auditors to give only as they think he may deserve. This modesty pleases the generality of his audience; which is continually supplied by succeeding Passengers: and thus by his sunday evening's eloquence only, without the help of any wednesday's buffoonery, he lives comfortably the rest of the week. The Blind Orator, as well as the pore-blind lards his Discourses with fragments of Poetry, which he modestly calls rhymes, tho' superior to the others verses. — In short this new *Oratory* succeeds so well, that I believe the other must sink; where the Auditors are reduced to a very small number, — I hope your Orator's Father lately deceased has left him some estate; otherwise he may be obliged in a little time to take an opposite corner to that which the Blind Orator possesses in Lincoln's-Inn fields; unless he shall think Moor-fields a more proper place, which is the opinion of

June 26, 1731. Your humble Servant,
PHILO-GRUBÆUS.

A Bill of Fare for the Wax-chandlers *Company on* Lord-Mayor's *Day*, Oct. 29 1478.

One capon		0	0 6
One pig		0	0 4
One loin of beef		0	0 4
One rabbit		0	0 2
One dozen of pidgeons		0	0 7
One leg of mutton		0	0 2½
One hundred of eggs		0	0 8½
One goose		0	0 6
Two loins of mutton and two of veal		0	1 4
One gallon of red wine		0	0 8
One kilderkin of ale		0	1 8
		0	7 0

EPIGRAM.

Shou'd D —— s print how once you robb'd your Brother,
Traduc'd your Monarch, and debauch'd your Mother;
Say what revenge on D — s can be had;
Too dull for laughter, for reply too mad?
Of one so poor you cannot take the law;
On one so old your sword you scorn to draw.
Uncag'd then let the harmless Monster rage,
Secure in dullness, madness, want, and age.

Edinburgh, June 17. We hear, that yesterday the R. Hon. L. Rois was married to Miss Henrietta Scot, sister to the late Sir Will. Scot, of Thirlestane, Bar. *C. D P. D J.* —— Tuesday 5 Gipsies were hanged at Jedbury. *C.*

Edinburgh, June 21. We hear from Cockeny, that some of the houses belonging to the Glass-works there suddenly sunk down, and the water rushing up, several of the servants perished, and others narrowly escaped. The ground below is all wrought coal. *C. D J. June* 29.

Dublin June 19. It has been observed that the Roman Catholics have spent many days in fasting and prayer on some extraordinary occasion. *P.*

Dublin, June 22. Last week a young Gentleman of the Roman Catholick Clergy, was unhappily killed by the violent operation of some poisonous drug, supposed to be given thro' carelessness of the person who made up his Recipe which he had no sooner taken, than he fell into convulsions, and bled greatly from his ears and nostrils; when dead, his joints grew exceeding black, and his skin all blister'd in a most frightful manner. *C. June* 29.

Boston, Ap. 24. On saturday, his Excellency our Governour was pleased to dissolve the great and general Court or Assembly of this Province. *P.* ——— *May* 10. Wednesday last the Freeholders, &c. chose Representatives to serve in the General Assembly, the Hon. Elisha Cook, Esq; who had 391 votes, Mr. Tho. Cushing, 442, Mr. Ezek. Lewis, 40, Mr. Sam. Welles, 366. The number of votes was 450. *Ibid. D J.*

Philadelphia, Ap. 29. Last week died at Amboy, John Barclay, Esq; Brother to Rob. Barclay, Laird of Ure, the famous Quaker, who wrote the Apology. —— Ferdinando John Paris is chosen Agent for this Province, at the Court of G. Britain. *P. D J.*

Letters from all parts of the West Indies mention a great drought, and particularly at Antigua; where a pail of water, containing about 3 gallons, has been sold at 7 s. that country money, which is 4 s. 8 d. sterl. *P.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *June* 24.

Berlin, June 24. On the 22d an express arrived from Fredericksfelde, with advice that the Margrave Albert Frederick de Brandenburg, Governor of Pomerania, &c. died there lately in his 60th year. *D P.*

Rome, June 9. A quarrel happening lately between a Domestick of the Marq. Cavalieri and a young Bookseller, the latter fled to Church, but the Domestick pursued him to the great altar, stabb'd him with a knife, and left him dead on the spot. *S J.*

FRIDAY, *June* 25.

In the scarcity of foreign News, my Brother the C. has published this day several Articles, printed in the D J. *of tuesday last*

Yesterday arrived the Mail from Flanders, *and one from* Lisbon.

Paris, June 25. N. S. That the Queen is not with child is now pretty plain, her Majesty having begun on friday to take the waters. *P.*

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, June 14. —— On the 9th about sun-set, some sailors belonging to the Lively man of war, Capt. Only, having been attacked with vollies of stones by the mob, fired on them, and wounded a Portuguese: upon which 3 men unconcerned in the fray were seized. A Serjeant from the Captain of the guard went to Capt. Only, telling him, that he desired to speak with him, upon which he went to the Guard-chamber, where he was detained 3 hours, and then conducted to the Castle. He was not set at liberty before this day; and his men are still confined. ——— *June* 17. We had this day an Auto de Fe, or Act of faith: 4 men and 8 women are to be burnt; also one of each sex in effigy, who died in the Inquisition, one aged 13, and the other 14. Capt. Only was in a British Merchant's house to observe the procession. His boats crew went to wash in the front of Terriero do Paco, and left but one man in their boat; who looking at the priming of a musquet, a Centinel on shore was frighten'd, imagining the sailor had presented the piece at him, so made a signal, which passed from one to another 'till it reached the main-guard; which immediately seized all the men and their arms, and left a Centinel in the boat. The Capt. went to the Consul, (the British Envoy being at the Baths) and finding he could have no access to the King before to morrow, he resolved to go on board directly, and sail for England, and in person acquaint his King of this affair, leaving his boat and men behind him. *D J.*

SATURDAY, *June* 26.

Brussels, June 15. They write from the Hague, that the Assembly of the States General had nominated the Baron de Torck and 2 other Deputies to confer with the Ministers of the Emperor and the King of G. Britain, about the difficulties which retard their accession. *P.*

Naples, June 5. Cardinal Coscia's Procurator continues to gather in what is due from the farmers of the Abbey lands, and other ecclesiastical Benefices belonging to his Eminency in this kingdom, notwithstanding the Pope ordered them to be sequester'd, which order is disregarded, because the consent of the temporal Power was not asked. *Ibid.*

Rome, May 30. The Minister of the Republick of Venice has received advice, that the Grand Seignior had charged the Captain Bashaw to send to Constantinople all the Galleys belonging to the maritime Provinces of the Ottoman Empire, to join the fleet which is actually fitting out there, with a great number of transports. *Ibid.*

Yesterday arrived the Mail from France.

Venice, June 8. We have advice from Smyrna, that the Grand Seignor's army which was in Egypt, having received orders to march to Alexandria, was embarquing there for Constantinople; and that they took it for granted, that these troops were to be employ'd against the Christians —— By letters from Barcelona we hear, that the Pink of Capt. Bozzo, with English Colours, was attack'd by a Corsair on the coast of Catalonia; that the Capt. refusing to go on board, the Turk fired a gun, and the shot happening to light in the powder-room, the ship blew up, with 5 persons, to wit, the French Consul, who was going to Malaga, and his footman, the Superintendant of the English commerce at Malaga, another passenger and a sailor; and that the rest, who saved themselves by swimming, were made slaves by the Corsair, who was inform'd by a Renegade Footman, that the ship was a Genoeze. *P. D P. D J.*

Ship news. Gibraltar, May 22. O. S. The Spaniards carry on their works before this place with the utmost expedition; the line is quite finished, and they have a vast quantity of timber, stone, lime, and workmen for compleating their other designs. *D J.*

This day arrived the Mail from Holland.

Seville, June 8. The Court waits the arrival of the English squadron. 7 men of war are daily expected at Cadiz, built lately in the ports of Cantabria and Biscay. The same day whereon the Convention was signed, the Count de Montemar set out for the army before Gibraltar, to give some private orders. 'Tis assur'd that the troops there will be considerably reinforced. *L E.*

Amsterdam, July 3. We learn from Vienna, that private letters from Constantinople are arriv'd there. which make no mention of the late defeat of the Sophy. *Ibid.*

MONDAY, *June* 28.

Paris, June 22. It is not to be imagined what a noise the drums in England make in Paris; the sound of them alarms the Court, and perhaps has put as many men in arms in France, as in England. —— M. du Guay Trouin has been sent for privately to Versailles; and after he had received his orders, he was dispatch'd away suddenly, to take upon him the command of 10 men of war, now fitting out at Brest and Toulon; and these are to have an eye upon the English squadron which is expected in the Mediterranean. By other hands we are told, the French squadron is to join a like number of Spanish ships of war;

this piece of news, our authority is not so good, the advisers of it put a great stress upon it. —— The Dunkirk are never free from apprehensions: they have lately written to Court, that some English Engineers have been seen there taking plans round about. —— We cannot find the least foundation for what has been published so often in the Dutch Papers, concerning the delivery of the silver out of the Flotilla; and the last advices from Cadiz acquainted us, that nothing has been touched there of it; nor is there any appearance of breaking bulk. *P.*

On Saturday arrived the Mail due from Holland.

Gibraltar, June 2. N. S. Our Governor has caused several fortifications to be made under one side of the mountain; and others to be marked out, in order to build a strong Fort in the midst of them; and when that is done, the ships that come into this Bay need not be afraid of any insult, or other inconvenience whatsoever. *P.*

Brussels, July 2. We assured, that 15 battalions of the French troops have received orders to march towards Dunkirk, and to encamp there. *P.*

TUESDAY, *June* 29.

Yesterday arrived the Mail from Holland.

Paris, June 29. Orders are given for the sudden march of several troops towards Metz and Dunkirk, to form 2 camps in the neighbourhood of those places. —— The Court being resolved to fit out a numerous squadron of men of war, the Count de Maurepas, Secretary of State for marine affairs, has sent orders to the respective Ports. —— Our letters from Constantinople mention 2 considerable actions between the Turks and Persians, the entire defeat of the latter, and that Prince Thamas narrowly escaped with not above 10 or 12 persons. *D P.*

BOOKS and PAMPHLETS published since our last.

26. Sermons by SAM. CLARKE, D. D. Vol. IX. and X.

A Political resemblance of a war in the behaviour of all Countries, &c. Price 6 d.

The unparallel'd Impostor: or the whole life, &c. of Japhet Crook, &c Price 1 s.

25. The present state of Europe, &c. for May.

The Welch Opera, &c. Pr. 1 s.

The Ship and Supercargo Book-keeper, &c. Pr. 2 s. 6 d.

The life of Philip late Duke of Wharton, &c. Pr. 1 s.

Observations on a Pamphlet intitled, An Answer to one Part of a late infamous Libel, &c. Pr. 1 s.

29. The Ecclesiastical History of M. L'Abbé Fleury, No. 26. Vol. v. P. 3.

The Flowet piece: a collection of Miscellany Poems, by several hands.

On Tuesday Stocks were

South Sea Stock 103 7 8ths, 102 7 8ths, 103 1 8th, 103 to 103 1 8th, for the Opening. South Sea Annuity 107 3 8ths to 1 half. Bank 146 3 qrs. to 147. Bank Circulation 8 l. Premium. India 197 3 qrs. for the Opening. Three per Cent. Annuity 96 3 qrs. for ditto. Royal Exchange Assurance 98 3 qrs. for ditto. London Assurance 12 1 half. York Buildings 23 7 8ths. African 51. English Copper 21. 18 s. Welsh ditto 21. 7 s. South Sea Bonds 5 l. 17 s. Premium. India ditto 5 l. 19 s. ditto. Lottery Tickets 9 s. ditto.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Black Tartar, AND SPIRIT of NITRI DULCIS.

SOLD cheap at the Laboratory in Cold-Bath Fields, near Clerkenwell.

This Day is published,

The Third Edition of

THE Statute Law Common-plac'd, or a General Table to the Statutes; containing the purport of all the Acts of Parliament in force, from Magna Charta to the Reign of King George, in a Method perfectly new, with the numerous Provisos and additional Clauses inserted under their proper Titles. The whole useful to Counsellors, Attornies, Sollicitors, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Coroners, Clergymen, Merchants, and all trading Persons.

By Mr. JACOB.

Printed for Bernard Lintott, and sold by D. Midwinter, J. Knapton, J. Osbourn, Ar. Bettesworth, Jer. Batley, Ch. Rivington, and Henry Lintott by Temple-Bar.

This Day is published,

Price Two Shillings,

THE Religion of Nature consider'd. To which is added, A Postscript, containing Reflections on Mr. Chubb's Discourse concerning Reason, &c. so far as it respects this subject.

Non dat Natura Virtutem ars est bonum fieri. Sen.
Mortalis Natura non capit scientiam, nisi quæ veniat extrinsecus. Lactant.

Printed for J. Batley, at the Dove in Pater-Noster-Row; and J. Pote, Bookseller at Eaton.

This Day is published,

FREE THOUGHTS on RELIGION, the Church and National Happiness. By B. M. Author of the *Fable of the Bees*. The Second Edition revised, corrected, and enlarged with many Additions, by himself.

Printed for J. Brotherton, at the Bible in Cornhill.

Where may be had,

His Fable of the Bees, 2 Vols. and the Treatise on the Hypochondriack.

BOOKS printed for J. BATLEY, at the *Dove* in *Paternoster-Row*.

1. MIscellaneous Essays, viz. 1. Of Company and Conversation 2. Of Solitariness and Retirement. 3. Of Nobility 4. Of Contentment 5. Of Women 6. Of the Knowledge of God, and against Atheism 7. Of Religion. 8. Of Kings, Princes, and the Education of a Prince. 9. Of Greatness of Mind. 10 Of the Education of Children. 11. Of Law. 12 Of Man. 13. Of old Age; with the Life and Conversion of St. Mary Magdalen and some Reflections upon the Conversion of the good Thief: Also the Life and Conversion of St. Paul, by Sir Richard Bulstrode, Kt. Envoy at the Court of Brussels from King Charles II. and King James II Published with a Preface, by his Son Whitlock Bulstrode, Esq; The second Edition Price 4 s. 6 d.

2. An History of the Affairs of Europe, from the Peace of Utrecht to the Conclusion of the quadruple Alliance; being a Narrative of the most important Transactions that have happened since the said Peace, and the Motives which have induced the chief Powers of Europe to confirm the same by a general Guaranty. To which is added, A Treatise of the religious and civil Interests of Europe; containing a short Review of the State of Religion, from the Reformation; with the several Advantages gained to the Protestant Interest, and the civil Liberties of Europe, by the late Negotiations, particularly the Avantages of the Quadruple Alliance; with some Observations how far the See of Rome, and the ecclesiastical Constitution, may be affected by a general Guaranty of the chief Powers of Europe. Also several Arguments, shewing that the Romish Maxims practised in some Nations, are no ways suited to the general Maxims and Policies of the present Times, nor to the present Interests of the Roman Catholick Princes and States of Europe. With historical Remarks on the ancient and present State of Europe, from the first Age of Christianity, so far as the Affairs of all Nations have been guided and influenced by the Prevalency of the Ecclesiastical Power over the Civil. By William Gibson. Price 5 s.

On Saturday next will be publish'd,

Price Six Pence,

Number VI. for June, 1731,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE: Or, *Trader's Monthly Intelligencer*. Containing (more than any Book of the Kind and Price.)

I. A View of the weekly Essays and Controversies, viz Of Self-Interest, Popularity, Indolence, Wit and Fool, Whig and Tory, Criticism, Plays, Shakespeare, Marius and Sylla, Art of rising, Servants; Lying and Veracity; Preferment Hunters and Author.

II. Of political Debates; the Craftsman's Dedication; Caleb's peace; the Alphabet in parties; Conduct of the M——y; their Skill and Address; their Wickedness and Weakness; Dependency of Parliament; Pension Bill; Mr Walpole's Case; the Craftsman's Vindication of Mr. P—— and Ld. B——; Remarks upon it; Answers to the Remarks, Observations on the Answers.

III. Poems on several Occasions.

IV. Domestic Occurrences, Births, Deaths, Marriages, Preferments, Casualties, Burials, and Christenings, in London.

V. Prices of Goods, Stocks, Grain, a List of Bankrupts.

VI. Foreign Affairs.

VII. Fires and Accidents

VIII. Books, &c. published.

IX. Observations in Gardening, and a List of Fairs for the Season.

X. A Table of Contents.

By SYLVANUS URBAN of *Aldermanbury*, Gent.
Prodesse & Delectare.

Printed for the Author, and sold by the Booksellers of London and Westminster.

This Day is published,

The Fourth Edition of

A Practical Treatise; or, Second Thoughts on the Consequences of the VENEREAL DISEASE. In three parts, viz.

I. On the Simple Gonorrhœa, Gleets, and other Weaknesses, whether from Venereal Embraces, Self-pollution, improperly called Onanism, or natural Imbecility.

II On the virulent Gonorrhœa, or Clap.

III On the Venereal Lues, or Grand Pox. Wherein are plainly shew'd, the exact Degrees of Difference, with their Signs, Symptoms, Prognosticks and Cures, in all Cases; their beginnings, progress, and fatal periods, when neglected, or unskilfully managed; and how their absolute Cure, without Violence or Injury, is compleated. With proper and effectual Remedies, in their several Stages, prescribed and recommended therein. And some Remarks on that preposterous Way of Venery with Machines, &c. and a plain Discovery of the Dangers (tho' little expected) which attend that vile practice. Also many other useful Discoveries relating to Infections in both Sexes, not before taken Notice of. To which is annexed, a Vindication of the practice of Salivating, &c. The whole fitted, as well for the Advantage of patients, as young practitioners.

By JOSEPH CAM, M. D.

London, printed for the Author, and sold at his House in Bow-Church-yard; also by G. Strahan in Cornhill, E. Midwinter in St. Paul's Church-yard, T. Corbet at Addison's Head without Temple-bar, C. King in Westminster-hall, and J. Hodges on London-bridge: price stitch'd 2 s. bound 2 s. 6 d.

WHereas one Rayner hath published a strange Medley of Nonsense, under the Title of the WELCH OPERA, said to be written by the Author of the Tragedy of Tragedies; and also hath impudently affirm'd, that this was great Part of the *Grub-Street Opera*, which he attempts to insinuate was stopt by Authority: This is to assure the Town, that what he hath published is a very incorrect and spurious Edition of the *Welch Opera*, a very small Part of which was originally written by the said Author; and that it contains scarce any thing of the *Grub-Street Opera*, excepting the Names of some of the Characters, and a few of the Songs: This latter Piece hath in it above fifty entire new Songs; and is so far from having been stopt by Authority (for which there could be no manner of Reason) that it is only postponed to a proper Time, when it is not doubted but the Town will be convinced how little that Performance agrees with the intolerable and scandalous Nonsense of this notorious *Paper-Pyrate*.

Just published,

PLACITA Principalia, & Consilia ad bene beateque viverdum utilissima, e veterum Philosophorum & Dramaticorum fere Poetarum scriptis. Delegit Johannes Mapletoft, S. T. P. Quibus adjungitur Prosodia Græca Labbeana compendiosa facilique Methodo tradita a Leedesio aucta.

Accuratius edita ab ANDREA TOOKE, A. M. Scholæ Carthusianæ Præceptore. In Usum Scholarum.

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